

Human Values and Professional Ethics

7.1.15 The institution offers a course on Human Values and professional ethics (1)

Provide/upload supporting documents

As per the syllabus prescribed by the Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka, Bangalore. The Oxford College of Pharmacy Bangalore conducting a courses related to Human Values and professional ethics for III.B. Pharm, III. Pharm. D. students. These subjects are 1. Pharmaceutical Jurisprudence (for III.B. Pharm, III. Pharm. D. students) and 2. Environmental Sciences (for I.B.Pharm. II Semester students)

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7.1.16 The institutional functioning is as per professional code of prescribed / suggested by statutory bodies / regulatory authorities for different professions (1)

Provide/upload supporting documents

The code of pharmaceutical ethics in India is framed by Pharmacy council of India. The code of ethics is meant to guide the Indian pharmacist as to how he/she should conduct in relation to himself, his/her patrons, and general public, co-professionals, and members of the medical and other health professionals.

Pharmacy education in India is regulated by 2 organizations: the Pharmacy Council of India (PCI), under the Pharmacy Act of 1948, and the All India Council for Technical Education (AICTE), which was established under the AICTE Act of 1987. PCI prescribes conditions to be fulfilled by the institutions seeking approval of the PCI for imparting education in pharmacy and educational standards. Pharmacy institutions have to seek approval of PCI and get verified prescribed norms are met. Curriculum, for all the programs in pharmacy education, is followed as per the affiliating University-Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Bangalore. While, Pharmacy education at all levels is regulated by the AICTE and all these programs must be approved by it. The AICTE is primarily responsible for planning, formulating, and maintaining norms and standards in technical education, which include pharmacy. The programs at The Oxford College of Pharmacy, Bangalore are approved by these regulatory authorities.

Functions and Duties of PCI

1. To prescribe minimum standard of education required for qualifying as a pharmacist. (Ref.: section 10 of the Pharmacy Act)
2. Framing of Education Regulations prescribing the conditions to be fulfilled by the institutions seeking approval of the PCI for imparting education in pharmacy. (Ref.: section 10 of the Pharmacy Act)
3. To ensure uniform implementation of the educational standards through out the country. (Ref. : section 10 of the Pharmacy Act)
4. Inspection of Pharmacy Institutions seeking approval under the Pharmacy Act to verify availability of the prescribed norms. (Ref.: section 16 of the Pharmacy Act)
5. To approve the course of study and examination for pharmacists i.e. approval of the academic training institutions providing pharmacy courses. (Ref. : section 12 of the

Pharmacy Act)

6. To withdraw approval, if the approved course of study or an approved examination does not continue to be in conformity with the educational standards prescribed by the PCI. (Ref.: section 13 of the Pharmacy Act)
7. To approve qualifications granted outside the territories to which the Pharmacy Act extends i.e. the approval of foreign qualification. (Ref. : section 14 of the Pharmacy Act)
8. To maintain Central Register of Pharmacists. (Ref. : section 15 A of the Pharmacy Act)